

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH.

VOLUME I, NO. 96.

BRAINERD, MINN., TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 24, 1901.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Best Goods In the World Are

S Premium Hams.
W Premium Bacon.
I Silver Leaf Lard.
F Premium Sausage.
T Cooked Ham.
S Dried Beef.

R Home Made Bread.
E Whole Wheat Bread.
G Vienne Bread.
A Rye Bread.
N Graham Bread.
S Cakes.

We not only carry all of the above but also

Swift's Choice Beef,
Pork, Veal, Mutton and Lamb.
We handle nothing but the very best of everything.
Limberger and Brick Cheese.
PAINE & McGINN,
Blue Front Market, Sixth Street.

PALMA FOR PRESIDENT

LEADING REPRESENTATIVES OF
VARIOUS PARTIES ENDORSE
HIS POSITION.

MANIFESTO TO BE DRAWN

Favors a Commercial Treaty With the
United States—Cuba's Expenditures
Should Be Adjusted to Her Income.
Platt Amendment Should Be Inter-
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A manifesto will be drawn up, signed by all who were present at the meeting, recommending him to the electors for that office.

At the meeting last month, when it was proposed to invite Senor Palma to be a presidential candidate, there was considerable disagreement as to the programme, the principal division being over the question of the Platt amendment and as to whether this should be revised or not. Complete minutes of the proceedings were forwarded to Senor Palma along with the request for a statement of his position.

In the course of his reply he says, regarding the question of a commercial treaty:

Independence Must Be Respected.

"The United States government favors mutual concessions such as would help Cuban products, especially sugar; but, as Cuba for some years will be dependent upon her income from customs, skill will be needed in deciding what concessions she can safely offer."

Regarding finance, he says: "Cuba is a new nation and must not be extravagant. She should adjust her expenditure to her income and resources."

Regarding the payment of the army, Senor Palma recognizes the principle that the army must be paid, but adds: "The lists must be carefully examined, and the Cuban congress should reduce the rate of pay for officers and men which the revolutionary government allowed."

Regarding treaty relations, he says: "The Cuban government, in making a treaty should try so to interpret the Platt amendment as to give it the meaning most favorable to the interests of Cuba and to her sovereignty and independence. She will fulfill the treaty, but expects the United States to do like wise and to respect her independence, which is recognized by one of the clauses of the Platt amendment in the most solemn manner."

The views of Senor Palma were almost unanimously approved.

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One to Be Negotiated Between Cuba and United States.

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Justice Truman C. White, one of the oldest and most experienced of the supreme court judges, was on the bench. Immediately after the opening of the court and after the prisoner had pleaded Justice Lorain L. Lewis, senior counsel for the defendant, announced that together with his colleagues, Former Justice Robert C. Titus and Mr. Carlton E. Ladd, they were ready to act in behalf of the prisoner.

"I thought it best," he said, "for my colleagues and myself that I should say something regarding our presence here as attorneys for the defendant. At the time my name was suggested I was out of the city and knew nothing of what was transpiring here with reference to the selection of counsel for the defendant. When the circumstances of my selection were told to me I was extremely reluctant to accept. But the duty had been imposed and I considered it my duty in all the circumstances to defend this man."

Assured a Fair Trial.

"I ask that no evidence be presented here—that the court will not permit the acceptance of any evidence unless it would be accepted at the trial of the most meagre criminal in the land."

"I am familiar with these circumstances," said Justice White in reply, "and wish to say I will give you every assurance that the prisoner will have a fair and impartial trial, and that during the progress of the trial he will receive such treatment as the law demands in any criminal case."

The work of securing the jurors was then undertaken with a celerity that was amazing. Before the day was over the entire panel had been sworn, the jurors had listened to a description of the Temple of Music, where the crime was committed, had seen photographs of the interior and had been told by three surgeons what caused the death of the president and the effect of the assassin's shot upon the various organs of the body. They also learned why the fatal bullet had not been located. The presentation of the government's case began shortly before 3 o'clock, when Assistant District Attorney Haller began with much deliberation to address the jury. He spoke very briefly.

"We shall show," said he, "that for some days prior to the shooting this defendant had predicted the shooting of the president. He knew that on Sept. 6 the president would receive the populace in the Temple of Music; that on that day he went to the exposition, got into line with the people and approached the president; that he had a weapon concealed in his hand and as the president extended his hand in kindly greeting he fired the fatal shot."

Three Physicians Testify.

"He fired two shots, in fact. One of them took effect in the abdomen and caused the mortal wound which resulted in the president's death. That, in brief, is the story we shall show you. Witnesses will tell you this story and I am sure that when you have heard the evidence you will have no difficulty in reaching a verdict of murder in the first degree."

The first witness, Samuel J. Fields, chief engineer of the Pan American exposition, described the ground floor plan of the Temple of Music, and was followed by Perry A. Bliss, a photographer, who presented views of the interior of the building. The remainder of the afternoon was taken up with the testimony of three physicians, two of whom had attended the president during his last days, while the other performed the autopsy. The latter, Dr. Harvey R. Gaylord, was the first of the trio to be called. He described the location of the wounds in the stomach and the direction of the bullet. The cause of death was attributed to the gunshot wound, but fundamentally he said, it was due to the changes back of the stomach, in the pancreas, caused by the "breaking down" of the material of the pancreas as a result of the passage of

the bullet. Dr. Herman Mynter followed, and his testimony was of importance inasmuch as it brought out the fact that the reason why the fatal bullet had not been located at the autopsy was because of the unwillingness of the president's relatives to have the body further mutilated by their instruments. Dr. Mynter and Dr. Mann, who followed him, both testified that the primal cause of death was the bullet wound in the stomach. One effect of this wound was, they said, to cause the gangrene to form in the pancreas, and the spot of poisoned tissue was as large as a silver dollar.

Czolgosz Becomes Interested.

The prisoner, Czolgosz, during the morning evidenced no interest whatever in the proceedings, but as the evidence was introduced he paid more attention to what was said and looked at the various witnesses closely. The probable duration of the trial, it is thought, will be two days. District Attorney Penny was asked by Justice White at noon as to the time he would take in the presentation of his case. He declared that he would conclude by Tuesday noon. Judge Titus, for the defense, was non-committal, however, and merely replied: "That depends upon the turn things take."

It is not probable that any defense will be put in, owing to the character of the prisoner and his refusal to help his attorneys in any way to procure evidence which they could use in his favor. The idea of an attempt to enter the question of his sanity is not thought of in view of the reports of the two alienists who have recently examined him, and there is ground for the belief that the trial will be concluded with a session of but one day more.

District Attorney Penny questioned Dr. Mynter closely regarding the operation performed on President McKinley at the exposition hospital immediately after the shooting. Dr. Mynter said the surgeons found the bullet wound in the left upper side of the abdominal cavity. The president agreed to an operation at once, which was absolutely necessary to save his life. Dr. Mann was selected, with Dr. Mynter, to perform the operation.

The abdomen was opened. It was difficult to get at the wound in the back of the stomach. The stomach was turned over and a bullet hole was found in the back of that organ.

They could not follow the further course of the bullet and as the

resulting from the bullet that passed through both walls of that organ and lodged in the muscles of the back."

Dr. Mann's testimony was not concluded at the hour set for adjournment.

Justice White addressed the jurors, giving them the usual formal instructions as to talking about the case among themselves or allowing others to talk to them about it.

Court adjourned at 4:03 p. m. until morning.

Guns & Ammunition

A New Lot JUST ARRIVED

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HOFFMAN'S,

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ON THE DIAMOND.

American League.

At Boston, 4; Detroit, 5. Second game, Boston, 2; Detroit, 9—Seven innings.

At Washington, 3; Cleveland, 6. Second game, Washington, 3; Cleveland, 7.

At Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 3.

At Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4. Second game, Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4.

National League.

At Pittsburgh, 5; New York, 4—Ten innings.

At Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 3. Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 25.

At St. Louis, 9; Boston, 3.

LATEST MARKET REPORT.

Duluth Wheat.

DULUTH, Sept. 24.

WHEAT—Cash No hard 7 1/4c, No. 1 Northern, 6 9/16c, No. 2 Northern 6 5/8c. No. 3 spring 6 1/4c. To Arrive—No. 1 hard 7 1/4c, No. 1 Northern 6 9/16c, Sept. 6 8/16c, Oct. 6 9/16c, Dec. 6 9/16c, May 7 3/4c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 23.

WHEAT—Cash 69 1/2c, Dec. 68 1/2c. May 7 1/2c. On Track—No. 1 hard 7 3/4c, No. 1 Northern 69 1/2c, No. 2 Northern 66 1/2c.

Sioux City Live Stock.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 23.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$3.50@5.50 for beefs, \$2.25@3.60 for cows, bulls and mixed, \$2.75@4.00 for stockers and feeders, \$2.75@3.50 for calves and yearlings.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$0.65@6.90.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Sept. 23.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$6.35@6.95 for prime butcher steers, \$3.80@4.10 for prime butcher cows and heifers, \$4.00@4.40 for choice veals, \$3.15@3.40 for choice feeders.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at \$3.85@4.25 for choice butcher lambs, \$3.00@3.35 for fat wethers.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$6.10@6.30 for good to prime steers, \$3.50@4.10 for poor to medium, \$2.50@3.40 for stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.50 for cows and heifers, \$3.00@4.50 for Texas fed steers.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$0.70@7.25 for mixed and butchers, \$1.55@25.92 for choice heavy, 16 3/4@27.15 for light, \$3.91@3.75 for bulk of sales.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at \$3.50@4.00 for sheep, \$3.00@3.75 for lambs.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.

WHEAT—Sept. 6 1/2c, Oct. 6 1/2c, Dec. 7 1/2c, May 7 1/2c.

CORN—Sept. 5 1/2c, Oct. 5 1/2c, Dec. 5 1/2c, May 6 1/2c.

OATS—Sept. 3 1/2c, Dec. 3 1/2c@3 1/2c, May 3 1/2c.

POPK.—Sept. \$14.90, Oct. \$14.90, Jan. 16.30, May 10.40.

FLAX—Cash Northwest \$1.60, No. 1

CLERGYMAN ASSAULTED.

Approved a Prohibition Paper's Attack on the Late President.

Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 24.—A clergyman who escaped from the crowd before his name could be learned was knocked down and beaten in this city because he approved an article that appeared in a Prohibition paper published here and which calumniated President McKinley.

G. G. Pendell, editor of the paper, was waited on by a committee and ordered to retract under threat of being thrown into the street with his entire printing plant. He made a retraction.

Shipping Gold to America.

London, Sept. 21.—The Statist asserts that eagles to the value of \$1,000,000 were shipped from Paris to New York during the day and that there is no doubt that this consignment will be followed by others.

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HOGS—Sales ranged at \$7.00@7.25 for mixed and butchers, \$7.00@7.35 for rough heavy, \$1.55@2.75 for rough heavy, \$6.80@7.15 for light, \$1.90@7.00 for bulk of sales.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at \$3.50@4.00 for lambs, \$3.00@4.75 for lambs.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.

WHEAT—Sept. 68 1/2¢, Oct. 69 1/2¢, Dec. 70 1/2¢, May 74 1/2¢.

CORN.

CORN—Sept. 58 1/2¢, Oct. 58 1/2¢, Dec. 59 1/2¢, May 61 1/2¢.

OATS.

OATS—Sept. 35 1/2¢, Dec. 36 1/2¢@36 1/2¢.

PORK.

PORK—Sept. \$14.90, Oct. \$14.90, Jan. 16.30, May \$16.40.

FLAX.

FLAX—Cash Northwest \$1.00, No. 1

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Regarding treaty relations, he said: "The Cuban government, in making a treaty should try so to interpret the Platt amendment as to give it the meaning most favorable to the interests of Cuba and to her sovereignty and independence. She will fulfill the treaty, but expects the United States to do like wise and to respect her independence, which is recognized by one of the clauses of the Platt amendment in the most solemn manner."

The views of Senor Palma were almost unanimously approved.

RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT.

One to Be Negotiated Between Cuba and United States.

Washington, Sept. 24.—General Wood, who has left for Cuba, expects to return to Washington in November and to bring with him a delegation from the Cuban constitutional con-

ON TRIAL FOR HIS LIFE

PROSECUTION OF ASSASSIN OF
PRESIDENT MCKINLEY BEGUN
AT BUFFALO.

JURY QUICKLY SECURED

Czolgosz Unconcerned at First but
Later Showed Interest in the Proceedings—Four Witnesses Examined—Testimony Given as to the
Shooting, Operation, Autopsy and
Cause of Death—Trial Will Be Brief.

Buffalo, Sept. 24.—Leon F. Czolgosz was placed on trial during the morning charged with the murder of President William McKinley. He entered a plea of "guilty," which was subsequently changed to "not guilty" by direction of the court. All the events of the day indicated that the trial will be short. Court convened at 10 o'clock and within two hours eight jurors had been secured. Technicalities were not raised by council and it was significant that every man who said he had not formed an opinion on the case was excused by the district attorney. Those who acknowledged they had formed an opinion or stated that they were prejudiced, but admitted their opinion could be changed by evidence, were accepted by each side.

Justice Truman C. White, one of the oldest and most experienced of the supreme court judges, was on the bench. Immediately after the opening of the court and after the prisoner had pleaded Justice Loran L. Lewis, senior counsel for the defendant, announced that together with his colleagues, Former Justice Robert C. Titus and Mr. Carlton E. Ladd, they were ready to act in behalf of the prisoner.

"I thought it best," he said, "for my colleagues and myself that I should say something regarding our presence here as attorneys for the defendant. At the time my name was suggested I was out of the city and knew nothing of what was transpiring here with reference to the selection of counsel for the defendant. When the circumstances of my selection were told to me I was extremely reluctant to accept. But the duty had been imposed and I considered it my duty in all the circumstances to defend this man."

Assured a Fair Trial.

"I ask that no evidence be presented here—that the court will not permit the acceptance of any evidence unless it would be accepted at the trial of the most meager criminal in the land."

"I am familiar with these circumstances," said Justice White in reply, "and wish to say I will give you every assurance that the prisoner will have a fair and impartial trial, and that during the progress of the trial he will receive such treatment as the law demands in any criminal case."

The work of securing the jurors was then undertaken with a celerity that was amazing. Before the day was over the entire panel had been sworn, the jurors had listened to a description of the Temple of Music, where the crime was committed, had seen photographs of the interior and had been told by three surgeons what caused the death of the president and the effect of the assassin's shot upon the various organs of the body. They also learned why the fatal bullet had not been located. The presentation of the government's case began shortly before 3 o'clock, when Assistant District Attorney Haller began with much deliberation to address the jury. He spoke very briefly.

"We shall show," said he, "that for some days prior to the shooting this defendant had predicted the shooting of the president. He knew that on Sept. 6 the president would receive the populace in the Temple of Music; that on that day he went to the exposition, got into line with the people and approached the president; that he had a weapon concealed in his hand and as the president extended his hand in kindly greeting he fired the fatal shot."

Three Physicians Testify.

"He fired two shots, in fact. One of them took effect in the abdomen and caused the mortal wound which resulted in the president's death. That, in brief, is the story we shall show you. Witnesses will tell you this story and I am sure that when you have heard the evidence you will have no difficulty in reaching a verdict of murder in the first degree."

The first witness, Samuel J. Fields, chief engineer of the Pan-American exposition, described the ground floor plan of the Temple of Music, and was followed by Perry A. Bliss, a photographer, who presented views of the interior of the building. The remainder of the afternoon was taken up with the testimony of three physicians, two of whom had attended the president during his last days, while the other performed the autopsy. The latter, Dr. Harvey R. Gaylord, was the first of the trio to be called. He described the location of the wounds in the stomach and the direction of the bullet. The cause of death was attributed to the gunshot wound, but fundamentally, he said, it was due to the changes back of the stomach, in the pancreas, caused by the "breaking down" of the material of the pancreas as a result of the passage of

the bullet.

Dr. Herman Mynter followed, and his testimony was of importance inasmuch as it brought out the fact that the reason why the fatal bullet had not been located at the autopsy was because of the unwillingness of the president's relatives to have the body further mutilated by their instruments. Dr. Mynter and Dr. Mann, who followed him, both testified that the primal cause of death was the bullet wound in the stomach. One effect of this wound was, they said, to cause the gangrene to form in the pancreas, and the spot of poisoned tissue was as large as a silver dollar.

Czolgosz Becomes Interested.

The prisoner, Czolgosz, during the morning evidenced no interest whatever in the proceedings, but as the evidence was introduced he paid more attention to what was said and looked at the various witnesses closely. The probable duration of the trial, it is thought, will be two days. District Attorney Penny was asked by Justice White at noon as to the time he would take in the presentation of his case. He declared that he would conclude by Tuesday noon. Judge Titus, for the defense, was non-committal, however, and merely replied: "That depends upon the turn things take."

It is not probable that any defense will be put in, owing to the character of the prisoner and his refusal to help his attorneys in any way to procure evidence which they could use in his favor. The idea of an attempt to enter the question of his sanity is not thought of in view of the reports of the two alienists who have recently examined him, and there is ground for the belief that the trial will be concluded with a session of but one day more.

District Attorney Penny questioned Dr. Mynter closely regarding the operation performed on President McKinley at the exposition hospital immediately after the shooting. Dr. Mynter said the surgeons found the bullet wound in the left upper side of the abdominal cavity. The president agreed to an operation at once, which was absolutely necessary to save his life. Dr. Mann was selected, with Dr. Mynter, to perform the operation. The abdomen was opened. It was difficult to get at the wound in the back of the stomach. The stomach was turned over and a bullet hole was found in the back of that organ. They could not follow the further course of the bullet and as the

resulting from the bullet that passed through both walls of that organ and lodged in the muscles of the back."

Dr. Mann's testimony was not concluded at the hour set for adjournment.

Justice White addressed the jurors, giving them the usual formal instructions as to talking about the case among themselves or allowing others to talk to them about it.

Court adjourned at 4:03 p.m. until morning.

Guns & Ammunition

A New Lot JUST ARRIVED

LOWEST PRICES and
BEST IN THE CITY.

HOFFMAN'S,

Corner 6th and Laurel.

ON THE DIAMOND.

American League.

At Boston, 4; Detroit, 5. Second game, Boston, 2; Detroit, 9—Seven innings.

At Washington, 3; Cleveland, 6. Second game, Washington, 3; Cleveland, 7.

At Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 3.

At Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4. Second game, Baltimore, 5; Milwaukee, 4.

National League.

At Pittsburg, 5; New York, 4—Ten innings.

At Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 3.

Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 25.

At St. Louis, 9; Boston, 3.

LATEST MARKET REPORT.

Duluth Wheat.

DULUTH, Sept. 24.

WHEAT—Cash No. hard 7 1/2c, No. 1 Northern 6 1/2c, No. 2 Northern 6 1/2c, No. 3 Spring 6 1/2c. To Arrive—No. 1 hard 7 1/2c, No. 1 Northern 6 1/2c, No. 2 Northern 6 1/2c, Oct. 25 6 1/2c, Dec. 6 1/2c, May 7 1/2c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 25.

WHEAT—Cash 69 1/2c, Dec. 69 1/2c, May 7 1/2c. On Track—No. 1 hard 7 1/2c, No. 1 Northern 69 1/2c, No. 2 Northern 69 1/2c.

Sioux City Live Stock.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 25.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$3.50 to \$5.50 for beefs, \$2.25 to \$2.50 for cows and bulls and \$2.75 to \$3.00 for stockers and feeders.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at \$8.50 to \$15 for choice butcher lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.50 for fat wethers.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Sept. 25.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$0.35 to \$0.55.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$0.00 to \$5.25 for prime butcher steers, \$0.50 to \$4.10 for prime butcher cows and heifers, \$0.40 to \$4.00 for choice steers, \$0.15 to \$3.40 for choice feeders.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at \$8.50 to \$15 for choice butcher lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.50 for fat wethers.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$0.10 to \$0.30 for good to prime steers, \$0.10 to \$0.30 for stockers and feeders, \$0.10 to \$0.20 for cows and heifers, \$0.10 to \$0.20 for Texas fed steers.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$0.75 to \$1.25 for mixed and butchers, \$0.75 to \$1.25 for good to choice heavy, \$1.50 to \$2.00 for rough heavy, \$1.50 to \$2.15 for light, \$1.50 to \$1.75.

SHEEP—Sales ranged at \$3.50 to \$4.00 for sheep, \$0.50 to \$1.75 for lambs.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.

WHEAT—Sept. 69 1/2c, Oct. 69 1/2c, Dec. 70 1/2c, May 7 1/2c.

CORN—Sept. 58 1/2c, Oct. 58 1/2c, Dec. 59 1/2c, May 6 1/2c.

OATS—Sept. 35 1/2c, Dec. 35 1/2c to 35 1/4c, May 35 1/2c.

PORK—Sept. \$14.90, Oct. \$14.90, Jan. \$16.30, May \$16.40.

FLAX—Cash Northwest \$1.60, No. 1

CLERGYMAN ASSAULTED.

Approved a Prohibition Paper's Attack on the Late President.

Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 24.—A clergyman who escaped from the crowd before his name could be learned was knocked down and beaten in this city because he approved an article that appeared in a Prohibition paper published here and which calumniated President McKinley.

G. G. Pendell, editor of the paper, was waited on by a committee and ordered to retract under threat of being thrown into the street with his entire printing plant. He made a retraction.

Shipping Gold to America.

London, Sept. 21.—The Statist asserts that eagles to the value of \$1,000,000 were shipped from Paris to New York during the day and that there is no doubt that this consignment will be followed by others.

THE DAILY DISPATCH.

BY INGEROLL & WIELAND.
E. C. GRIFFITH, City Editor.

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Weather.

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BRAINERD'S NEW DIRECTORY.

John H. Ley Receives the First Consignment Today--A Model of Neatness Throughout.

John H. Ley has received the first consignment of the new Brainerd directory and it is in every way a model of neatness, compact in form and full of valuable information. Mr. Ley is to be congratulated on the enterprise shown and his efforts will doubtless be appreciated.

In the introduction Publisher Ley says:

"Brainerd is again on the onward move; there is scarcely a vacant house in the city and the demand for dwellings shows that the city is enjoying a very rapid growth. Many improvements have been made within the past year, the houses have been newly renumbered, new street signs have been erected and the free mail delivery system is about to be installed.

The building season has been a busy one, many new residences and business blocks having been put up, among the latter being the large wholesale grocery house and the Park Theatre. The city boasts of fifteen church edifices, representing the various denominations and education is well provided for by an excellent system of graded schools. Brainerd has three newspapers, two weeklys and one daily and weekly. The latter, THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH, since its first issue a few months ago, has promptly taken a place in the front rank with some of the larger city papers and its enterprise has made for it a wide field and given it merited influence.

"After a very close canvass we find 3,987 names of persons above the age of 18 (not counting the wife) and taking the lowest multiple used by directory publishers, 2½, gives Brainerd a population of 9,967."

Do you want a trunk? Call on D. M. Clark & Co.

Special Notice.

Who wants a home of their own choosing? To be built just as they want it, either on the corner of Kingwood and 8th or corner of 4th and Grove, or corner of 5th and Holly streets, on the most liberal terms ever offered. Interested parties please call at once.

P. B. NETTLETON,
Palace Hotel.

One 3 room cottage. Newly painted and papered on 8th St. South, near High school, also for sale. Easiest terms ever offered. Other bargains. Money to loan.

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Miss Margaret Cox, of Louisville, Ky., who has been a guest of the Misses McCullough returned home this afternoon.

Auditor Martin and party are back from a very pleasant fishing expedition up north. They left for the east this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Woodin returned this afternoon from Minneapolis, where they have been visiting Mrs. J. E. Hurd.

Attorney L. E. Lum and party, returned this morning from Gull Lake where they have enjoyed a pleasant outing for a few days.

Mrs. J. L. Smith, after a very pleasant visit in the city with her mother, Mrs. S. L. Sleeper, left this afternoon for Duluth for a visit with relatives and friends. Mr. Smith is still in the city but will return to St. Paul in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Albach, of St. Louis, who have been spending the summer at Walker, returned this morning from that place and left this afternoon for the east. They were met at the train by Miss Lillian Koop, who is very well acquainted with them.

A marriage license has been issued to Edwin G. Lovejoy and Emma Jane Ferguson. Both young people live north of the city several miles.

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Neighborhood Gossip.

Wahpeton will raise \$5,000 toward getting a fibre mill at that place.

Barney Koenig, aged 79 years, fell down a cellar way and his life is dispaired of.

The population of Duluth, according to the new city directory, has increased about 5,300.

M. Lindsey, of St. Cloud, was held to the grand jury on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree.

The annual convention of the Episcopal church for the Upper Mississippi Valley will be held at New Paynesville.

Improvements are to be made in the electric light plant at Rochester which will necessitate the expenditure of \$25,000.

They were a little too fast for Greenleaf at Wadena, the old horse not being able to take anything better than second place in the free-for-all.

O. J. Kolseth, recently cashier of a bank at Fosston, has decided to purchase half interest in the L. Mairé hardware store at Fergus Falls.

Chas. Scrutin, the colored attorney of Bemidji, has the qualities that get there. He is interested in thirty cases on the calendar at the session of court now on in Beltrami county.

William Hulbert, arrested on the charge of violating the timber law by setting fire in a forest, was discharged at Deer River, the evidence adduced not being sufficient to hold him.

Hon. J. H. Lewis, who conducted the Polk county training school, has been elected superintendent of the schools at Hastings, where he was located 20 years before he became state superintendent.

Editor Davee, of the Clear Lake Times, bought a tramp printer a suit of clothes and staked him to some money, expecting that the typewriter would work out the amount. Mr. printer was too wise and hiked out.

John and Albert Batters and Louis Tonn, who were arrested early in the season by Deputy Game Warden Saunders on the charge of shooting deer out of season, have been released from the county jail at Walker, having served their sixty-day sentence.

Changes in the Great Northern passenger staff will transfer George C. Jones, of Winnipeg, to Fargo as city passenger agent, succeeding C. C. Donovan, who will be sent to Minneapolis to take charge of the city office.

Chas. H. Davidson, president of the Austin National Bank, died of anemia, aged 55. He came to Austin in 1858. In February, 1887, he was made president of the Austin State Bank, afterward the Austin National Bank. He was postmaster of Austin for six years.

Geo. P. Thompson, who has been with the Brainerd Lumber company, was here Tuesday and partly closed the deal with S. W. Greenwood for the purchase of his lumber yard at this place and also the one at Eagle Bend. Mr. Thompson will be back in about three weeks to take an inventory of the stock and wind up the deal.—Long Prairie Leader.

The Rev. and Mrs. Roderick J. Mooney intending to remove from Brainerd offer all their household goods at sale. They can be seen at the rectory—at any time.

Our stock of new Fall Dress Goods is very attractive.

HENRY I. COHEN.

LATEST MARKET REPORT.

Duluth Wheat.

DULUTH, Sept. 20.

WHEAT—Cash No. 1 hard 72c, No. 1 Northern 69c, No. 2 Northern 66½c, No. 3 spring 65c. To Arrive—No. 1 hard 72c, No. 1 Northern 69c, Sept. 29, Oct. 65½c, Dec. 69½c, May 72½c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 20.

WHEAT—Cash 69½c, Dec. 68½c, May 71½c. On Track—No. 1 hard 72½c, No. 1 Northern 69½c, No. 2 Northern 67c.

Sioux City Live Stock.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 20.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$4.75-\$6.00 for beefs, \$2.35-\$3.50 for cows, bulls and mixed, \$2.75-\$4.00 for stockers and feeders, \$2.75-\$3.50 for calves and yearlings.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$6.65-\$8.50.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Sept. 20.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$6.60-\$7.00.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$5.00-\$5.25 for prime butcher steers, \$3.80-\$4.10 for prime butcher cows and heifers, \$4.30-\$6.00 for choice veals, \$3.15-\$3.80 for choice feeders.

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HENRY L. COHEN.

LATEST MARKET REPORT.

Duluth Wheat.

DULUTH, Sept. 20.
WHEAT—Cash No. 1 hard 72¢, No. 1 Northern 69¢, No. 2 Northern 68¢, No. 3 spring 65¢. To Arrive—No. 1 hard 72¢, No. 1 Northern 69¢. Sept. 20¢, Oct. 68¢, Dec. 60¢. May 72¢.

Minneapolis Wheat.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 20.
WHEAT—Cash 62¢, Dec. 68¢, May 71¢. On Track—No. 1 hard 73¢, No. 1 Northern 69¢, No. 2 Northern 67¢.

Sioux City Live Stock.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 20.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$4.75-\$6.00 for beavers, \$2.50-\$3.50 for cows, bulls and mixed, \$2.75-\$4.00 for stockers and feeders, \$2.75-\$3.50 for calves and yearlings.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$6.65-\$8.50.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Sept. 20.

HOGS—Sales ranged at \$6.60-\$7.00.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$4.00-\$5.25 for prime butcher steers, \$4.50-\$6.10 for prime butcher cows and heifers, \$4.50-\$6.00 for choice veals, \$3.15-\$3.40 for choice feeders.

Sheep—Sales ranged at \$3.80-\$4.35 for choice butcher lambs, \$3.00-\$3.50 for fat wethers.

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BY INGERSOLL & WIELAND.
E. C. GRIFFITH, City Editor.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Week.....Ten Cents
One Month.....Forty Cents
One Year.....Four Dollars

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1901.

Weather.

Threatening tonight and Wednesday with possible rain.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

Harry Patterson of Deerwood is in the city today on business.

Guy Weaver has gone to Anoka for a visit for a few days with friends.

Attorney P. J. Murphy left last night for St. Paul on legal business.

George N. Perry, of Fargo, is in the city today calling on the trade.

Miss Annie Anderson went to Royalton yesterday for a two weeks visit.

County Attorney S. F. Alderman left this afternoon for Aitkin on legal business.

J. N. Waldrop today sold to Wm. Cord lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 in block 1, in Chippewa addition for \$700.

Mrs. F. L. Hoffman and daughter returned this afternoon from Alexandria where they have been visiting for a short time.

Mrs. C. L. Gates arrived in the city this afternoon from St. Paul and she will spend the winter with Mrs. C. T. Dubois.

Mrs. J. T. Sanborn, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Crane, who has been visiting in the city for sometime, left for the east this afternoon.

A marriage license has been issued to Edwin G. Lovejoy and Emma Jane Ferguson. Both young people live north of the city several miles.

C. N. Parker left this afternoon for St. Paul on business. Mr. Parker has just returned from Fargo, where he went for a brief visit with relatives.

Two musicians did the town last night playing several instruments and singing popular songs. They made a bit nearly every place they went.

J. C. Congdon has a crew of men at work at the court house and everything is being torn up preparatory to painting and papering the different offices.

D. W. Lynch, well known in this city, plead guilty to the charge of grand larceny in the district court at Bemidji. He will probably draw a term at Stillwater.

County Superintendent Wilson has received from the state auditor 64 copies of the legislative manual to be distributed among the different school districts in the county.

The young ladies of St. Francis Catholic church will give a social tomorrow evening in the basement of the church and supper and ice cream will be served. All are invited.

L. M. Browne, the potato buyer, was in the city this afternoon for a short time between trains. He says that the bottom has been knocked out of the potato market and he is returning to Minneapolis.

Ole Dahl will shortly commence the construction of a \$3,000 residence at the corner of Oak and Ninth street south. The old building there now is being moved away and work on the new building will be commenced at once.

John Cochran, William Humes, his brother-in-law and Peter Cardle went to Pelican Lake Sunday to do some fishing. They returned last night with as fine a string of bass, twenty-five in number, that has been seen in Brainerd this year.

Mrs James Culow left today to attend the annual meeting of the W. C. T. U., which meets in Plymouth Church, Minneapolis. She goes as a delegate to represent the local W. C. T. U., of this city. The convention will be in session all this week.

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W. A. Marvin, of Fargo, is in the city today.

J. J. Howe returned from the east this afternoon.

Car Tracer Peel, of the Northern Pacific, is in the city.

Attorney L. E. Lum left this afternoon for his home in Duluth.

Rev. N. P. Glemaker left this afternoon for Kimberly where he will preach this evening.

Miss Lillian Koop leaves Saturday for St. Paul where she will study at the Visitation Convent this year.

Mrs. G. F. Mitchell and daughter, Miss Ella Mitchell, left this afternoon for Minneapolis for a short visit.

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Minneapolis Wheat.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 20.

WHEAT—Cash 60¢, Dec. 65 1/2¢, May 71 1/2¢. On Track—No. 1 hard 72 1/2¢, No. 1 Northern 69 1/2¢, No. 2 Northern 67 1/2¢.

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HOGS—Sales ranged at \$6,000-\$8,000.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Sept. 20.

BOGS—Sales ranged at \$10,000-\$27,000.

CATTLE—Sales ranged at \$5,000-\$25,000 for prime butcher steers, \$2,800-\$4,10 for prime butcher cows and heifers, \$4,500-\$6,00 for choice veal, \$3,15-\$3,40 for choice feeders.

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THE BIG DRIVES

NEARLY ALL OUT

The Season Has Been a Very Good

One for Large Logging

Firms.

SOME LOGS WILL BE HUNG UP

In the Drives Now Out there is

About Forty Million

Feet.

The big drives from the country

north of Brainerd are all out, with the exception of one or two which will probably be froze in on White Fish Lake.

The season has been a very good one and the big logging firms are very well satisfied with the outcome.

The drives that have reached the Mississippi river are designated as follows: The Eagle Lake, in which several firms are interested, J. M. Quinn and Bonness & Howe. There are included in these drives 40,000,000 feet of logs and this number is considered a good year's run.

The logs that will be hung up for the winter are designated as the Nelson-Tenny and the Mud Brook-Little Pine river drives and the logs will probably remain in White Fish Lake during the winter.

In these two drives in the White Fish Lake there are something like 12,000,000 feet of logs. These logs are owned by different firms. Bonness & Howe of this city have something like 4,000,000 feet in the Mud Brook-Little Pine river drive.

HOWISON'S SUCCESSOR.

CAREER OF Rear Admiral Ramsay.

Member of Schley Inquiry Court.

Rear Admiral Francis Munro Ramsay, retired, has been ordered to duty as a member of the court of inquiry which is investigating the conduct of Rear Admiral W. S. Schley during the war with Spain. Unlike Rear Admiral H. W. Howison, whom he succeeds, Rear Admiral Ramsay has never, so far as known, publicly or privately commented upon Rear Admiral Schley's behavior, and the latter regards him as entirely acceptable.

Rear Admiral Ramsay was born in the District of Columbia on April 5, 1825, and is sixty-six years of age, says the New York Herald. He is in excellent health mentally and physically. He entered the navy on Oct. 5, 1850, being appointed midshipman, and after a year's study at the Naval academy was ordered to the Preble and subsequently to the frigate St. Lawrence. He returned to the Naval academy, where he was promoted to the grade of passed midshipman, and in 1857 was appointed an acting master.

At the outbreak of the war he was assigned to the sloop Saratoga, which was on duty on the African station. His promotion to the grade of lieutenant commander came in 1862, and he was then assigned to command the ironclad Choctaw of the Mississippi squadron. He served in various positions in accordance with his rank until 1881, when, as a special mark of the department's appreciation of his services, he was appointed superintendent of the Naval academy.

When he had completed his tour of duty at Annapolis, he was given command of the Boston and upon his relief from that vessel was appointed chief of the bureau of navigation, which position he held until his retirement. He was placed on the retired list in 1897.

The Red Anarchist Must Go.

From the mansions where the columns

Rise so lofty grandeur, Where

Splendid gardens, broadly stretching,</p

A GOOD SHOWING FOR MANAGEMENT.

The Annual Report of Business on the M. & I. Shows Up Well.

FREIGHT BUSINESS VERY GOOD.

Net Income for the Year Over Twenty-Three Thousand.

The Minnesota & International Railway company has filed its annual report with the railroad and warehouse commission and it makes a very good showing for the road.

The road operates 98.28 miles in the state running between this city and Bemidji and closes its fiscal year with a surplus of \$45,770.97. Its income from operations during the year was \$144,673.08.

Gross earnings of the company, which is a Northern Pacific proprietary line, were \$432,265.91, of which \$263,685 was derived from freight traffic. Operating expenses were \$287,695.83, or 66.5 per cent of its total earnings. Total deductions from the income account were \$120,655, leaving a net income for the year of \$23,998.

The road derived the greater part of its revenue from freight business, and during the year handled 943,602 tons at an average revenue of \$0.521 a mile.

TAKEN A GREAT JUMP.

The Annual Report of the Northern Pacific Railway Company Will be Issued Next Saturday.

The Northern Pacific's annual report to be issued Saturday will show that in increase of equipment the road has taken a long jump. When the road was taken over from the hands of the receiver, Sept. 1, 1896, it owned 574 locomotives. Up to Nov. 1, 1900, 114 new locomotives had been added, or an increase of 19.9 per cent. Since that time many more locomotives had been added, bringing the total increase up to about 22 per cent. The number of new passenger cars up to November was 144, or 32.9 per cent. The total number at that time was 582. The total number of freight cars at the time was 25,530, an increase since 1896 of 7,098, or 39.4 per cent. The increase in miscellaneous equipment was 40.2 per cent. The increased horse power of the locomotives is 62.2 per cent, by reason of the purchase of heavier engines.

The average train load of revenue freight increased in the same period 69.57 per cent, or from 193.52 to 328.16 tons, which is a very remarkable gain for such a short period.

General Manager W. G. Pearce says in his report that business is such that it is evident additional locomotives and cars must be purchased in the near future.

Teeth without plates a specialty, by Drs. Spengler & Lambert. Arlington hotel.

A NEW FREIGHT TRAIN

Put on Between Staples and Brainerd, Thus Making the Terminus for Regular Freight Here.

A new freight train has been put on between Staples and this city and now the regular freight which heretofore run between Staples and Duluth, will run between Brainerd and Duluth, making Brainerd the terminus of the line.

It is not known whether this is permanent or not, it having been stated that this arrangement was made for the busy season only.

We show the largest stock of ladies' skirts in the city.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Prof. Bruns, the optician is in the city at the Arlington hotel. Eyes examined free tomorrow and Wednesday.

Furniture, carpets and stoves sold on small payments at D. M. Clark & Co.

New line of trunks at D. M. Clark & Co.

D. M. Clark & Co. sell Sewing Machines on small payments.

The oldest installment house in the city. Household furnishings and bicycles on easy payments. A. L. Hoffman & Co.

REV. GALLAGHER THE ORATOR.

Memorial Services at Lockport, N. Y. Were Attended by a Large Course of People.

Masonic services were held at the First Congregational church at Lockport, N. Y., and the orator of the occasion was Rev. George W. Gallagher, formerly of this city.

Mr. Gallagher closed an eloquent address with these words, including original poem:

"The death bed of President McKinley was worthy the genius of the poet, painter, and the sculptor. No imagination could weave in finest fancy such a scene. The angel of death hovers over him, but the President says calmly, 'Thy will, not ours, be done.' Sinking into deeper shadows of thick darkness, he cheerfully turns to his countrymen and says 'Good bye all—good bye.' As he passes from earth and soars toward the Eternal City, he faintly whispers:

'Nearer My God to Thee, nearer to Thee.'

"In that glad eternal morning, he has found a joyous welcome. There he will meet Washington, Lincoln, Garfield and together they will make a square, whose four sides, symbols of accuracy, just proportion, true order and broad humanity, will ever remain to guard the republic against plotting traitors within and hostile foes beyond our domain. Remember that President McKinley died a representative American. Let us build him a monument, and inscribe upon it truths that shall endure through all time. Cut deep into the marble these words: 'William McKinley, the true American, who fought for American ideas in battle, who lived by American principles in life, and who died by the hands of a foul assassin, that American institutions might be perpetuated forever.'

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"The death bed of President McKinley was worthy the genius of the poet, painter, and the sculptor. No imagination could weave in finest fancy such a scene. The angel of death hovers over him, but the President says calmly, 'Thy will, not ours, be done.' Sinking into deeper shadows of thick darkness, he cheerfully turns to his countrymen and says 'Good bye all—good bye.' As he passes from earth and soars toward the Eternal City, he faintly whispers:

"Nearer My God to Thee, nearer to Thee."

"In that glad eternal morning, he has found a joyous welcome. There he will meet Washington, Lincoln, Garfield and together they will make a square, whose four sides, symbols of accuracy, just proportion, true order and broad humanity, will ever remain to guard the republic against plotting traitors within and hostile foes beyond our domain. Remember that President McKinley died a representative American. Let us build him a monument, and inscribe upon it truths that shall endure through all time. Cut deep into the marble these words: 'William McKinley, the true American, who fought for American ideas in battle, who lived by American principles in life, and who died by the hands of a foul assassin, that American institutions might be perpetuated forever.'

"Farewell McKinley thou art done,

"With pen and word, with speech and gun.

"Thou hast performed thy noble part;

"And in thy death gave us thy heart.

"We'll bury thee with rolling drum,

"We need not speak, voice may be dumb.

"For Cuba and Philippines sea.

"Will always tell of thee, of thee."

We have a complete stock of ladies', childrens and mens underwear.

HENRY I. COHEN.

HAD NERVE TO BURN.

The Trent Woman Wanted to Bring Suit Against the Gregorys to Recover Some of the Money.

There have been very many comical chapters in connection with the Gregory-Hickman episode, but the most nervy and gally was the one enacted at Duluth after the \$1,000 had been recovered in this city from the clothing of Mrs. William Gregory.

The Duluth Herald tells of the latest as follows:

The recovery of the mysterious \$1,000 bill by Detective Troyer probably ends the sensational Hickman case as far as Duluth authorities are concerned.

The colored woman was turned over to the Iowa authorities, but she is clever in a way and there are plenty of those that have had dealings with her here that express the opinion that she will not be landed in Iowa let alone be tried for inciting murder and stealing \$3,300.

There was a rather laughable feature of the Hickman case today. When Miss Hickman stole the three \$1,000 bills and spare change from A. L. Henderson, of Chariton, Iowa, Miss Mary Trent was said to be an accomplice. It was on account of Miss Hickman trying to beat Miss Trent out of her share of the steal, that the latter tipped matters off to detectives.

Miss Trent was released from jail, as the Iowa authorities said they did not have sufficient evidence to convict her.

As soon as she got out of jail she hastened to the office of an attorney to bring suit against Mr. and Mrs. William Gregory and Miss Hickman to recover what she considered her share of the stolen wealth.

When informed that the Gregorys and the Hickman woman had turned over about \$1,800—all that was left of the \$3,300 steal, to the Iowa authorities, she wanted to know if she could not sue the sheriff from Iowa and recover her share of it.

When told she never had a legal interest in the money she seemed to think she was being buncoed.

Some idea of the delightful time the colored people had with the money may be gained from the fact that inside of three weeks, three of them got away with \$1,500.

There was considerable expense incurred in the capture of the negroes and in the recovery of the stolen money, but through the efforts of Detective Troyer, the Iowa authorities have agreed to pay all expenses so that the St. Louis county authorities will not be out a cent.

Went Up in Smoke.

The Henry W. Cigar, the best union made cigar sold for ten cents. Try one. Sold by all leading dealers in the city.

Bicycles for rent at Hoffman's.

500 pairs of Blankets on sale down to 35c. per pair.

HENRY I. COHEN.

MANIFEST INJUSTICE TO MANY STUDENTS.

Prof. Torrens Does Not Favor Abolition of Midwinter Examinations.

ALMOST YEARLY RECURRENCE.

The State High School Board is Considering the Matter at Annual Meeting.

The state high school board held a meeting in St. Paul recently and one of the most important matters considered at the meeting was the proposal to abolish the mid-winter examinations of the board. These examinations are held in all the state high schools, and the proposal above referred to has been discussed at length on several other occasions.

It is not known what action the board took on the matter.

It is urged by some that in many ways the winter examinations is of little value and in many ways a nuisance; that it breaks into the continuous work of the various courses and necessitates in some cases rearrangement of classes and course; that it is a great expense to the state, and above all great difficulty is experienced in securing first-class readers to correct the papers, for the reason that most of them are teaching in the schools; that there has been a growing sentiment in educational circles against examinations of any kind except as they are absolutely necessary, and the feeling is common that they are at best only necessary evils.

Superintendent Torrens, of the city schools is not in favor of the abolition of the examination and to a representative of THE DISPATCH this morning said:

"The suggestion that the high school board in its annual session would consider the matter of dropping the midyear examinations is nothing new. It is a matter of almost yearly recurrence; but of necessity nothing comes of it. It is brought up by those whose desire it is to see all high school subjects made year subjects; but there are such as English history, solid geometry and higher algebra that require but half a year for their completion. It is a manifest injustice to compel a child to wait half a year after completing a subject to take the examination on the subject. Courses to meet local needs must make use of some of these half year subjects. Besides the better schools of the state, as a rule, have semi-yearly promotions in the grades necessitating the entrance of a class into the high school at the middle of the year. This class needs the midyear examinations in the common branches."

The most complete stock of Ladies and Childrens' Shoes in the city.

HENRY I. COHEN.

OLD MONTREAL HOUSE SOLD.

Mrs. Burno Disposes of the Property to Guy Guyett, Who has Already Taken Possession.

This morning a deal was closed whereby Guy Guyett becomes the owner of the old Montreal Hotel property on Sixth street. Mrs. Carolina Burno owned the place and the final transfer was made today. The consideration was \$1,000 cash.

Mr. Guyett, who has been running a hotel at that place for some time will still continue in the business and contemplates many improvements in the near future. The transfer was made through the R. G. Valentine agency.

A 2nd hand wood stove for sale cheap.

Enquire of Wm. Bartsch, 520, 7th St.

BRAINERD BUSINESS COLLEGE

will open Oct. 1. Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping and common studies. Day school and night school.

Telephone 88-2 for soft drinks and Moose Brand Beer. J. TEGLUND

Some of our clients have money to loan on improved farms.

LINDBERGH & BLANCHARD,

Little Falls, Minn.

Boys Referees down to \$2.00 each.

HENRY I. COHEN.

B. W. Pursell, Kintersville, Pa. says he suffered 25 years with piles and could obtain no relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. H. P. Dunn & Co.

Wanted—Assistant cook at East Hotel.

GIRL WANTED—For sewing and general work in fur factory. Apply Minnesota Fur Co., 212, 5th St.

LOST—A leather chatelaine bag containing a small sum of money, entrance card and season ticket to county fair. Finder will please leave at the DISPATCH office.

LOST—A pair of gold bow eye glasses, in leather case, folded. Return to this office and receive reward.

THEIR IMPRESSIONS.

The Members of the Sub-Committee Strongly in Favor of Opening up the Reservation.

United States Senator Quarles, of the sub-committee, appointed to visit the reservations of the northwest, accompanied by other prominent officials has completed his tour of the Leech Lake reservation.

The Cass Lake Voice gives some light on the situation from two interesting standpoints, one of which is the impression the delegation expressed on the condition of Section 16, and the other on the opening of the Chippewa reservation. The Voice says:

The first thing the party did on Wednesday morning was to look for themselves as to the condition of Section 16. The gentlemen had heard so many conflicting statements as to the state of affairs there that they determined to satisfy themselves. What their conclusions were will be known later on. The next move was to take a steamer and visit the Indian school at the Mission and see as much of Cass Lake as they could in the short ride they took.

During the afternoon Senator Quarles and Commissioner Jones went over the several allotments, and after dinner the party boarded the houseboat and started for Lake Winnibigoshish, where they will remain until Sunday, visiting all places where the Indians have interests. From Winnibigoshish the party will go to Bena and take the train for the nearest railroad point enroute to Red Lake.

The delegation is strongly in favor of the opening of the Chippewa reservation. Senator Quarles will work to that end, because he thinks that it is for the best interests of the Indians and for the people of northern Minnesota. He found all the people in this section of the state practically unanimous on that point. When congress convenes he will take up the matter with Senator Nelson and the Minnesota delegation and arrive at a satisfactory conclusion, so there will be no delay in the necessary legislation.

Library Commission Meets.

The state library commission held a short session Saturday and formally let the contract for the ensuing year to the St. Paul Book and Stationery company. The board is composed of the State Superintendent, John W. Olson, the four Normal School Presidents, J. F. Millsbaugh, of Winona; C. H. Cooper, Mankato; George R. Klecker, St. Cloud, and Frank A. Weld, of Moorhead. The library board decides what books shall be added to the state library list for the use of districts wishing to secure state library aid. At the last meeting of the board a great many new books were added and the board decided Saturday to issue a supplementary catalogue to contain these new titles. Five thousand copies will be printed. No part of the educational system of the state is of more importance than the work of this board. From year to year they have made a suitable selection of the school libraries of the state, until now there are nearly 3,000 titles in the catalogue.—St. Paul Globe.

New N. P. Yards.

Northern Pacific employees are interested in the construction of the new freight yards west of town. The foreman, who is to be in charge of the work, has arrived and all that delays the beginning of operations is the arrival of the teams and grading outfit. The latter were expected to arrive in Fargo the end of the present week, but it is expected that they will arrive next Monday or Tuesday at the latest. The plans call for the construction of about 9,000 feet of track this fall. Next year a great deal more work in this line will be done, which will mean the entire doing away with making up of trains on the down town tracks. The extension of the yards will begin at the Southwestern crossing and will be carried out to the Milwaukee crossing. The officials say that the work to be done this fall will relieve the down town tracks a great deal.—Fargo Forum.

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turn to this office and receive reward.

A FEW OF THE NEW STYLES OF Fall and Winter Cloaks

We have just received.



All of Our New Cloaks

for Ladies and Misses as well as Children's on display now.

Assortment is the most Complete

In the City and Prices never were as reasonable for such values. An early call is advised.

Henry I. Cohen, SLEEPER BLOCK.

BICYCLES and Bicycle Repairing.

Murphy & Sherlund's LAUREL ST.

BRAINERD LUMBER COMPANY,

BRAINERD, MINN.

Mills and Yards at Rice Lake, East Brainerd.

We have constantly on hand a complete stock of Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Building Material. Short Lumber of all grades, and Low Grade of Dimension and boards at very low prices for Cash.



Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.



THE Smith Premier is the Business Man's Best Machine for all around office work. It possesses all essential features constituting typewriter excellence—easy operation, strong, simple and durable construction, clean and quick type cleaning device, clear cut work and the reinforced mechanical accuracy of all working parts.

Illustrated catalogue free.

THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER CO.

EVERY WOMAN KNOWS-



By natural adaptability and instinct the dainty freshness and delicate fragrance of

GOOD PERFUME.

One ounce of the purest solution duplicates the aroma of the June rose and is delightful.

McFadden Drug Co.

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WERNER HEMSTEAD, President

J. F. McGINNIS, Vice Pres.

H. D. TREGLEWNY, Cashier.

J. A. BATCHELDER, Asst. Cashier.

Capital \$25,000. Surplus \$6,000.

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Sign Painting, Paper

Hanging, Graining,

Stenciling, Tenting, Decorating, and

Carriage Painting.

212, 8th St. N. BRAINERD, MINN.

Old papers ten cents per hundred tied up in bundles at the Dispatch office.

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The testimony several times during the day was somewhat exciting and it was especially so when Commander Heilner described the battle and the part the Texas had in it. He said that when the Brooklyn made its loop at the beginning of the battle it had passed across the Texas' bow at a distance not to exceed 100 or 150 yards, and that at the command of Captain Phillip the Texas had been brought to a dead stop. Engineer Bates testified that the starboard engines had been stopped and said he thought this also had happened to the port engines.

Commander Heilner expressed the opinion that three miles had been lost by this maneuver and the fact that part of the machinery was deranged. He said he considered that the Texas was in greater danger when the Brooklyn crossed her bow than at any other time during the battle.

Chart of the Battle Inaccurate.

On cross-examination Commander Heilner admitted having taken part in the preparation of the official navy department chart showing the positions at different times of the ships which participated in the battle. He said that according to this chart the two ships never were nearer than 600 yards of each other. But he contended the chart was inaccurate, and he said he had only consented to it as a compromise.

Commander Bates admitted that the official steam log of the Texas contained no record of the signal to reverse the engines. Commander Schroeder testified concerning the coal supply of the Massachusetts, which he said would have been sufficient for a blockade of from 16 to 20 days.

The day closed with another animated controversy between counsel as to the policy of bringing Admiral Sampson's name into the trial.

Commander Schroeder was recalled and asked if he desired to make any corrections in the official record of his testimony of Saturday.

"There is one omission from Admiral Schley's remarks on the Massachusetts on the day of the bombardment of the Colon which I overheard which I should like to supply," he replied. "It is this. He said when he came aboard that Admiral Sampson would be there on the following day. He made that statement in connection with his remark that he was going to sink the Colon."

Examination of Heilner.

Lieutenant Commander L. C. Heilner, who was navigator of the Texas during the Spanish war, was next called. He said he had heard no guns fired when the squadron approached Cienfuegos. To his knowledge no effort was made to ascertain whether the Spanish fleet was in the harbor at that point or to destroy Spanish works there. Nor had there been any effort to communicate with Cubans on shore until Captain McCalla arrived on the Marblehead.

When the court convened at 2 p. m. Mr. Rayner continued his cross-examination of Commander Heilner. He asked him especially concerning the official chart of the battle off Santiago, exhibiting the chart. The witness said he was one of the board of navigators who prepared the chart. He had testified that the Brooklyn was only 150 yards distant when she crossed the course of the Texas, but he stated that according to the chart the distance was about 1,800 feet when the Brooklyn was making her famous loop.

Captain Lemly admitted the inaccuracy of the chart.

"Did you see any signals from the New York on the day of the battle?" asked Mr. Rayner.

"We did not receive any signals from that vessel on that day until the afternoon," replied the witness.

Continuing, the witness said that if the New York had flown any signals he had not seen them.

"Did you see the New York on the day of the battle?" was then asked.

The reply was: "Oh, yes. I think she was reported coming up before the Viscaya went ashore. She was the last ship."

Here the judge advocate interposed to ask the purpose of this inquiry.

Rayner Makes a Statement.

Mr. Rayner replied that it was to show when the ships went there. "We are going to show," he continued, "the position of the New York on the day of the battle."

He then proceeded at some length to outline the position of the applicant, saying: "We have the absolute right to show the situation of the New

York on the day of the battle, and we have the right to show the connection of Admiral Sampson in reference to the battle; we have a right, for instance, to show that Commodore Schley at Santiago maintained the same sort of blockade that Admiral Sampson maintained when he got there on June 1, so far as distances are concerned. I think we have the right to show—because one of the specifications of this precept states—whether or not a close or adequate blockade of said harbor to prevent the escape of the enemy's vessels therefrom, was established.

"We do not propose to bring the name of Admiral Sampson into this controversy any more than it is possible to do so. This is not a personal controversy. We are not here for the purpose of engaging in any personal controversy between Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley or adherents of either; we are not here for the purpose of at present, without knowing what this case will develop, criticizing the actions of Admiral Sampson, but it is absolutely necessary for this court, in order to

Properly Investigate This Case

under the specifications of this precept, to let us prove what Admiral Sampson did; not that we condemn what he did or criticize what he did, or censure what he did. We are not here now for the purpose of condemning the fact, if it proves to be a fact, of the New York's leaving on the morning of the battle; we are not here to criticize the blockade that Admiral Sampson had at Santiago, but we are here to establish this, or, under the specifications of your precept memorandums, to find out whether the blockade at Santiago was a close or adequate blockade. Now, if we can prove that it was, so far as distances were concerned, the same blockade that the commander-in-chief maintained there, then we can justify the course of Admiral Schley, who was commander-in-chief before Sampson's arrival."

On redirect examination Commander Heilner said that the squadron had made no effort to destroy the Spanish fortifications on shore at Cienfuegos. He said that for the delay of the Texas in the Santiago battle, caused by the Brooklyn, the Texas would have been able to get further in and nearer the Colon, and ships that were on her bow would have been broadside on.

Witness Was Very Positive.

Mr. Hanna then asked Commander Heilner: "Irrespective of any map, chart or other publication, how near did the Brooklyn come to the Texas during the loop?"

"As I stated," he replied, "between 100 and 150 yards is my estimate made while we were in chase of the Colon."

Allowing for the fact that a man under such circumstances is apt to place a vessel nearer than she really is and making allowances for that, you still adhere to your answer?"

"Yes, sir, from 100 to 150 yards."

"Would any chart or aggregation of charts that could be produced before you now satisfy you that you are wrong?"

"It would not."

Commander Harber was recalled and Captain Philip's reports of the Santiago campaign were offered as evidence. Counsel for Admiral Schley consented to their introduction with the understanding that their acceptance should not be considered as a precedent for the acceptance of other official reports as evidence. Mr. Rayner read from the report of Captain Philip to show that the Texas had been

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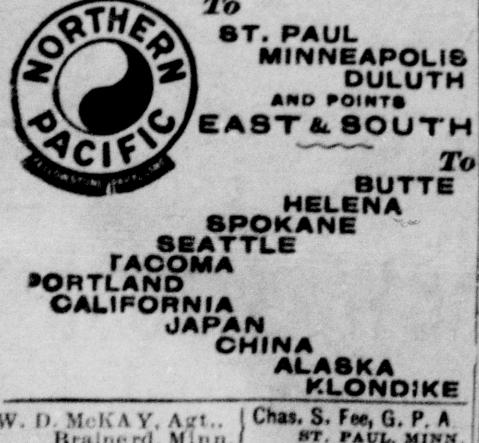
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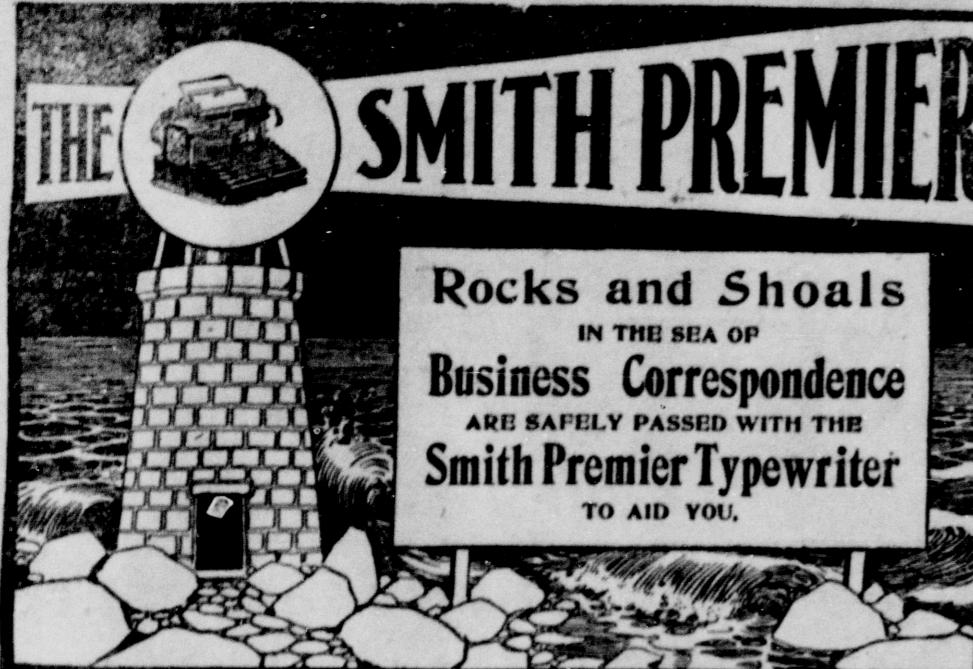
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"We did not receive any signals from that vessel on that day until the afternoon," replied the witness.

Continuing, the witness said that if the New York had down any signals he had not seen them.

"Did you see the New York on the day of the battle?" was then asked.

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"Would any chart or aggregation of charts that could be produced before you now satisfy you that you are wrong?"

"It would not."

Commander Barber was recalled and Captain Philip's reports of the Santiago campaign were offered as evidence. Counsel for Admiral Schley consented to their introduction with the understanding that their acceptance should not be considered as a precedent for the acceptance of other official reports as evidence. Mr. Rayner read from the report of Captain Philip to show that the Texas had

Only Four Miles Out

when Commander Barber had said that the distance was seven of eight miles. Captain Barber, however, said that he did not desire to modify his testimony.

Commander Alex B. Bates, who was chief engineer on the Texas during the Santiago engagement on July 3, was then called.

He testified concerning the work of the engines on that day.

"I was in the starboard engineroom when the signals were given and the starboard engine was reversed, the port engine, I am not very sure, I think was reversed."

"Did they continue to run astern the engines for some time or not?"

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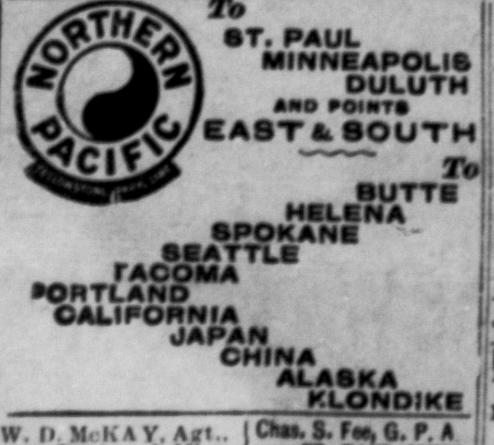
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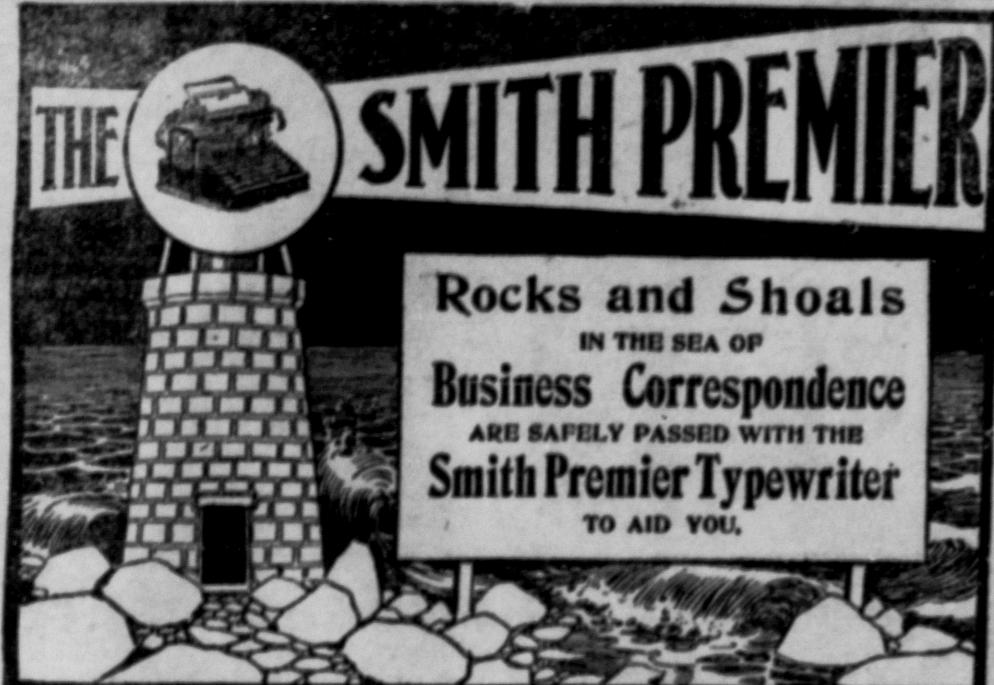
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MINNESOTA FUR MANUFACTURING CO.

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Buffalo—All summer, Pan American Exposition, \$24.50 round trip. All tickets good on celebrated Pioneer Limited. Call at Milwaukee office, or write J. T. Conley, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, for detailed information. Ask for Pan-American folder.

ACTION OF THE TEXAS

SUBJECT UNDER DISCUSSION BY
THE SCHLEY COURT OF
INQUIRY.

EXCITING TESTIMONY GIVEN

Commander Heilner Describes the Battle Off Santiago and Claims the Brooklyn, in Making Its Loop at the Opening, Passed Across the Texas' Bow at Distance of About One Hundred and Fifty Yards.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The part played by the battleship Texas in the naval battle off Santiago, July 3, 1898, in which the Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera was sunk, was the basis of the greater part of the day's proceedings in the Schley naval court of inquiry. Of the four witnesses examined during the day three had been officers on board the Texas during the battle and two of them were new witnesses. These were Commander George C. Heilner, who was navigator on the Texas, and Commander Alex B. Bates, who was the chief engineer on that battleship. Commander Harber, executive officer, and the chief surviving officer of the ship since the death of Captain Philip, was recalled. The fourth witness was Commander Seaton Schroeder, executive officer on the Massachusetts and now governor of the island of Guam.

The testimony several times during the day was somewhat exciting and it was especially so when Commander Heilner described the battle and the part the Texas had in it. He said that when the Brooklyn made its loop at the beginning of the battle it had passed across the Texas' bow at a distance not to exceed 100 or 150 yards, and that at the command of Captain Philip the Texas had been brought to a dead stop. Engineer Bates testified that the starboard engines had been stopped and said he thought this also had happened to the port engines. Commander Heilner expressed the opinion that three miles had been lost by this maneuver and the fact that part of the machinery was deranged. He said he considered that the Texas was in greater danger when the Brooklyn crossed her bow than at any other time during the battle.

Chart of the Battle Inaccurate.

On cross-examination Commander Heilner admitted having taken part in the preparation of the official navy department chart showing the positions at different times of the ships which participated in the battle. He said that according to this chart the two ships never were nearer than 600 yards of each other. But he contended the chart was inaccurate, and he said he had only consented to it as a compromise. Commander Bates admitted that the official steam log of the Texas contained no record of the signal to reverse the engines. Commander Schroeder testified concerning the coal supply of the Massachusetts, which he said would have been sufficient for a blockade of from 16 to 20 days.

The day closed with another animated controversy between counsel as to the policy of bringing Admiral Sampson's name into the trial.

Commander Schroeder was recalled and asked if he desired to make any corrections in the official record of his testimony of Saturday.

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HEARD AT SITKA.

News of the Shooting of the President Causes Great Excitement.

Sitka, Wash., Sept. 21.—A special train from Sitka, Alaska, Sept. 14, says: The first news of the attempt on the life of President McKinley was received during the day by steamer. The news created great excitement and indignation. A meeting of the chamber of commerce was called to take cognizance and to send a message of sympathy. The news of the shooting was received at Sitka the day the president died.

Wish to See Czolgosz Executed.

Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 21.—In the belief that Czolgosz will be executed in Auburn prison more than 100 persons have already made application to Warden Mead to witness the execution of the assassin of President McKinley. The applications are by telegraph, telephone and mail. The first application was received one hour after the president's death. Every mail adds to the number.

Kaiser Decorates Prince Chun.

Dantzig, Sept. 21.—Emperor William has conferred the grand cross of the Order of the Red Eagle upon Prince Chun, head of the Chinese mission of explanation for the murder of Baron von Ketteler.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The secretary of the treasury Friday purchased \$1,666,100 long term 4 per cent bonds at 140.

The sixth annual convention of Kriegerbund of Nord Amerika is in session at San Antonio, Tex.

Secretary Root has approved the final draft of the Philippine tariff and Governor Taft has been so informed.

The secretary of war has designated Chief Clerk John C. Scofield to represent the war department on the Louisiana purchase exposition commission.

It has been learned from an authoritative source that important plans for the practical consolidation of direction of the entire Vanderbilt system of railroads are in course of preparation. These plans include the formation of a new parent company.

HARD TO ENFORCE.

Congressman Crumpacker Discusses Proposed Law Against Anarchy.

Indianapolis, Sept. 21.—Congressman Crumpacker of Valparaiso is of the opinion that it will be difficult to enact laws for the control and punishment of anarchists and still more difficult to enforce them. It would be an easy matter now, he thinks, to enforce laws against anarchists, as the public mind is inflamed over the assassination of President McKinley, but a few years from now there might be a large number of anarchistic organizations in the state without the average person knowing anything about it. He believes, however, that congress at the coming session will consider carefully the scope of its power in the matter, and, if possible, will enact such laws as will have a tendency to restrain anarchy. The trouble, he says, in passing such a law is that it might have a tendency to restrict freedom of speech and freedom of the press. He declared, however, that any state could enact a law making an attempt upon the life of the president a capital offense, which would help to hold anarchists in check.

GENERAL FUNSTON ILL.

Is in the Hospital, Suffering From Appendicitis.

Manila, Sept. 18.—General Hughes has expelled the agents of Smith & Bell and Warner & Barnes from the island of Samar for rendering aid to the insurgents in Manila by buying hemp and other products, knowing that the money was going to the insurgents. The British consul requested General Chaffee to suspend the order, but the general refused to do so and the consul has gone to Samar for the purpose of personally investigating the matter.

General Funston is in the hospital, suffering from appendicitis. He will probably be operated upon.

Aguinaldo has written to Civil Governor Taft and Military Governor Chaffee saying that he regrets, with the rest of the American nation, the great loss suffered by the people of the United States in the death of President McKinley.

General Chaffee will recommend that Lieutenant Hazzard of the Third cavalry be awarded a medal of honor for capturing Arthur Howard, the American deserter, under exceedingly brave circumstances.